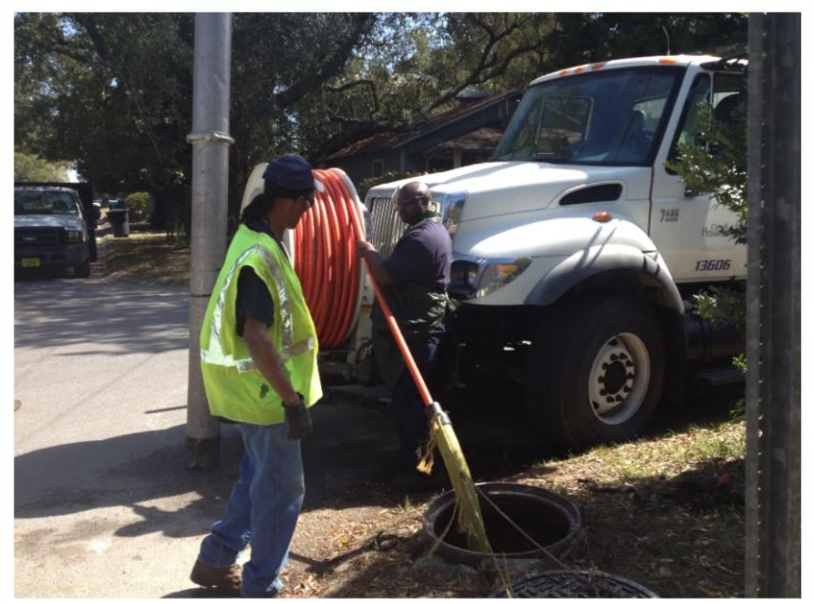


Maintenance Cost Analysis and Techniques

Public Works and Facilities
Department

September 2019

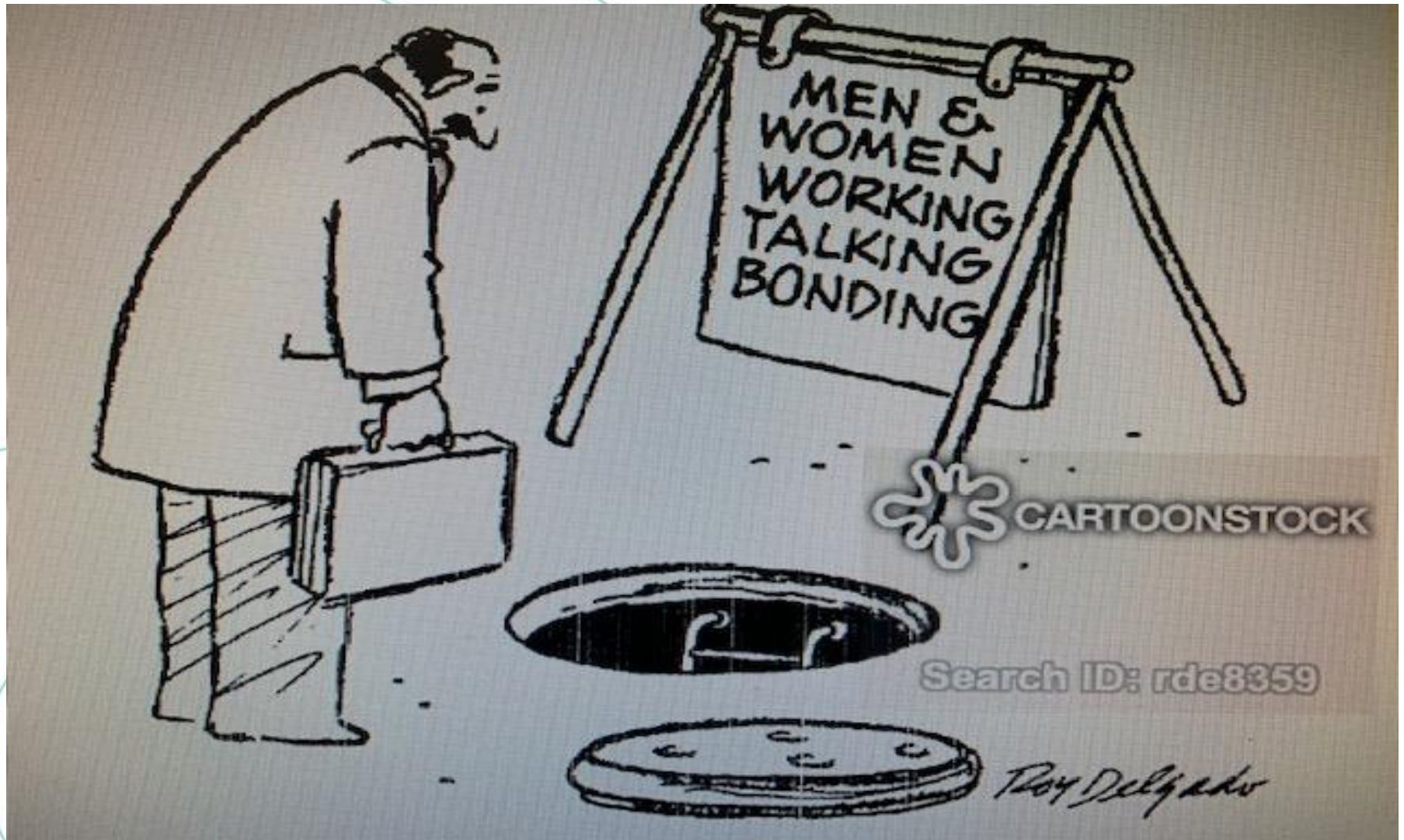


FLORIDA'S FIRST & FUTURE

Introduction

- **“We can and should do better at ensuring that all BMPs not only meet our water quality goals when first installed, but also continue to do so over time with maintenance. Willfully installing infrastructure that cannot be reasonably maintained and restored to full functionality is a waste of limited storm water dollars. We have a number of highly effective BMPs available, but moving forward, we must remain mindful that the BMPs we implement also must be reasonably accessible for maintenance. Additionally, we must continue to develop innovative BMPs that effectively address pollutants of concern, are maintainable and operate at the lowest possible lifecycle cost.” – Berg, Derek. *Bound for Failure*, SWS Magazine, August 2019**

Introduction



Introduction

- **It's no secret that most municipalities do a less than an exemplary job of maintaining their roadways and stormwater infrastructure.**
- **This is typically a result of staffing shortages, budget shortages, failure to consider maintenance difficulty and cost in the conceptual design process.**
- **Staffing shortages and maintenance cost force municipalities to perform cost-benefit analysis on performing maintenance operations that extend the life of infrastructure and promote cost savings.**
- **Street sweeping is one such maintenance operation.**

Introduction



Introduction

- **Most municipalities like the City of Pensacola have limited staff available for in-house maintenance of Stormwater infrastructure.**
- **Being “proactive” and addressing issues up-front at the source can significantly reduce maintenance costs down the line.**
- **Street sweeping is one of the most important front-line measures that can be utilized to save wear/tear on BMP infrastructure and protect the environment.**

Introduction



Introduction

- **City currently has a fleet of seven (7) street sweepers with five (5) that are actively utilized on schedule**
- **City has 326 miles of paved roadway that is swept every four (4) weeks**
- **Sweep about 60 miles of FDOT roadway through a JPA**
- **Perform contract sweeping for public/private venues and events throughout the City**

Introduction

Benefits

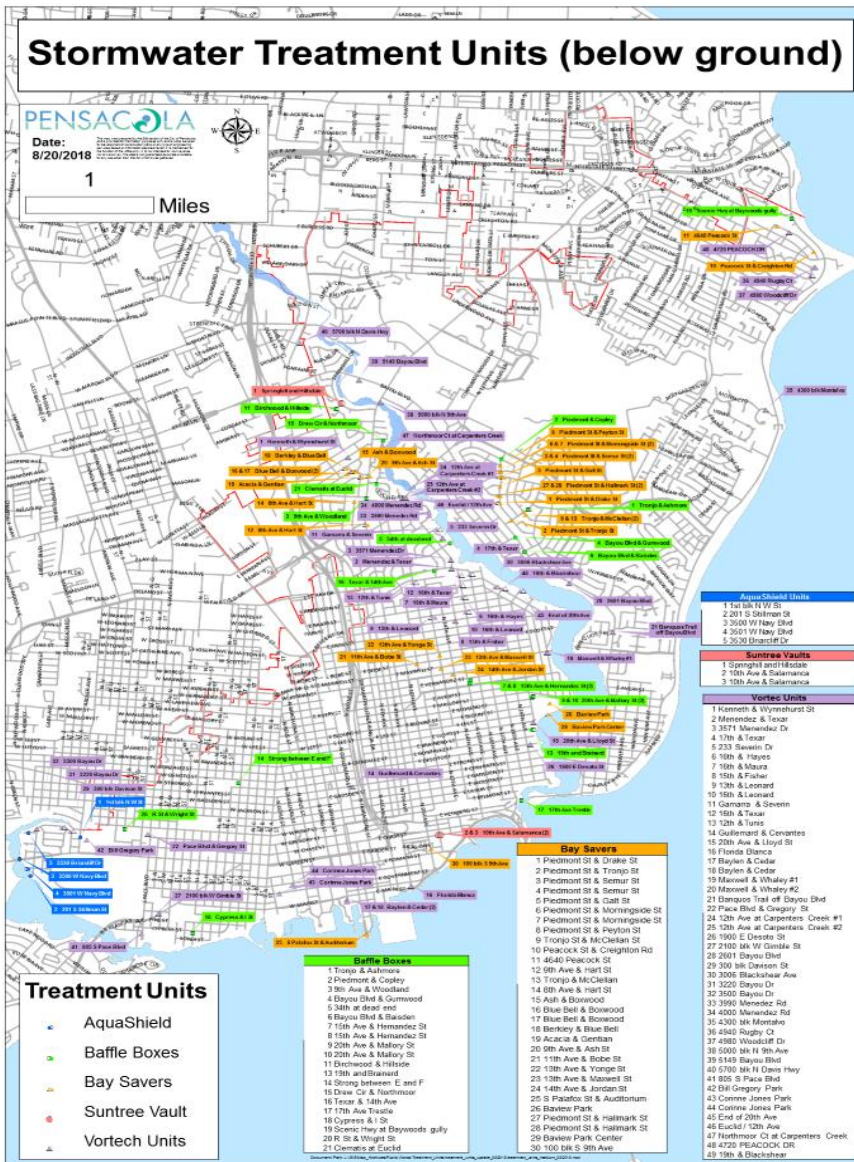
- **Street sweeping promotes roadway safety (vehicular, bike and pedestrian)**
- **Street sweeping significantly reduces pollutant loading in MS4 systems**
- **Street sweeping increases aesthetic appeal**
- **Street sweeping increases the longevity of roadway infrastructure and drainage systems**
- **REDUCE LANDFILL DISPOSAL COSTS FOR SOLIDS DISPATCH**

ABOVE GROUND MAINTENANCE (Ponds, Swales, Ditches, Outfalls, Etc.)



- The City currently has 57 “retention” stormwater ponds
- Requires that ponds and ditches be “cleaned” approximately every 5 years to remove blinding materials (solids, oils, etc.).
- Street sweeping is very effective in removing materials from roadways, parking lots, etc., **BEFORE** the materials enter ponds and ditches.

BELOW GROUND MAINTENANCE (treatment units and lift stations)



- The City currently has 109 proprietary treatment units in-place and is approximately 96% built-out.
- Due to the very limited availability of open land for new stormwater ponds, proprietary units are most commonly used in retro-fit treatment projects.
- Program has removed approx. 6,100 cubic yards or 16M lbs (8000 tons) over the past five (5) years.

Cost Analysis of Street Sweeping Benefits

Objectives

- **Identify annual costs of sweeping program**
- **Identify annual costs of material disposal from proprietary treatment units**
- **Estimate approximate budgetary savings due to sweeper program**
- **Reveal efficiencies and synergies**

Cost Analysis of Street Sweeping Benefits

Data (Sweeping-Base Cost)

<u>Year</u>	<u>Swept (tons)</u>	<u>Cost (manhours/capital)</u>	<u>Cost/Ton</u>
• 2018	3423	\$716,034	209.18
• 2017	3280	\$690,816	210.61
• 2016	3750	\$757,146	201.91
• 2015	3600	\$715,818	198.84
• 2014	3486	\$681,064	195.37
• 2013	3478	\$656,268	188.69

Cost Analysis of Street Sweeping Benefits

Data (Treatment Vault Cleaning)

<u>Year</u>	<u>Solids (Tons)</u>	<u>Removal</u>	<u>Disposal (\$68 Tip)</u>	<u>Cost/Ton</u>
• 2018	1654	\$198,000	232,764	260.44
• 2017	1639	\$198,000	223,040	256.89
• 2016	1643	\$198,000	255,000	275.72
• 2015	1621	\$182,252	244,800	263.45
• 2014	1595	\$182,252	237,048	262.88
• 2013	1578	\$182,252	236,504	265.37

Cost Analysis of Street Sweeping Benefits

Data (Sweeping-Savings)

<u>Year</u>	<u>Swept (tons)</u>	<u>Savings (Treatment Vault Cleaning Rate)</u>
• 2018	3423	\$891,486
• 2017	3280	\$842,599
• 2016	3750	\$1,033,950
• 2015	3600	\$948,420
• 2014	3486	\$916,400
• 2013	3478	\$922,957

Cost Analysis of Street Sweeping Benefits

Data (Sweeping Cost Summary)

<u>Year</u>	<u>Base Cost</u>	<u>Savings</u>	<u>Actual Cost</u>
• 2018	\$716,034	\$891,486	(175,452)
• 2017	\$690,816	\$842,599	(151,783)
• 2016	\$757,146	\$1,033,950	(276,804)
• 2015	\$715,818	\$948,420	(232,602)
• 2014	\$681,064	\$916,400	(235,336)
• 2013	\$656,268	\$922,957	(266,688)

Cost Analysis of Street Sweeping Benefits

Calculations

- **Base Sweeping Cost = Manpower + Capital Equipment/Maint/Repair**
- **Disposal Cost = Tonnage x Tipping Fee***
 - Tipping Fee “average” of \$68/Ton
- **Savings = Sweep Tonnage x Treatment Unit Solids Disposal Rate**
- **Actual Sweeping Cost = Base Cost – Treatment Unit Cleaning/Disposal Cost (Savings)**

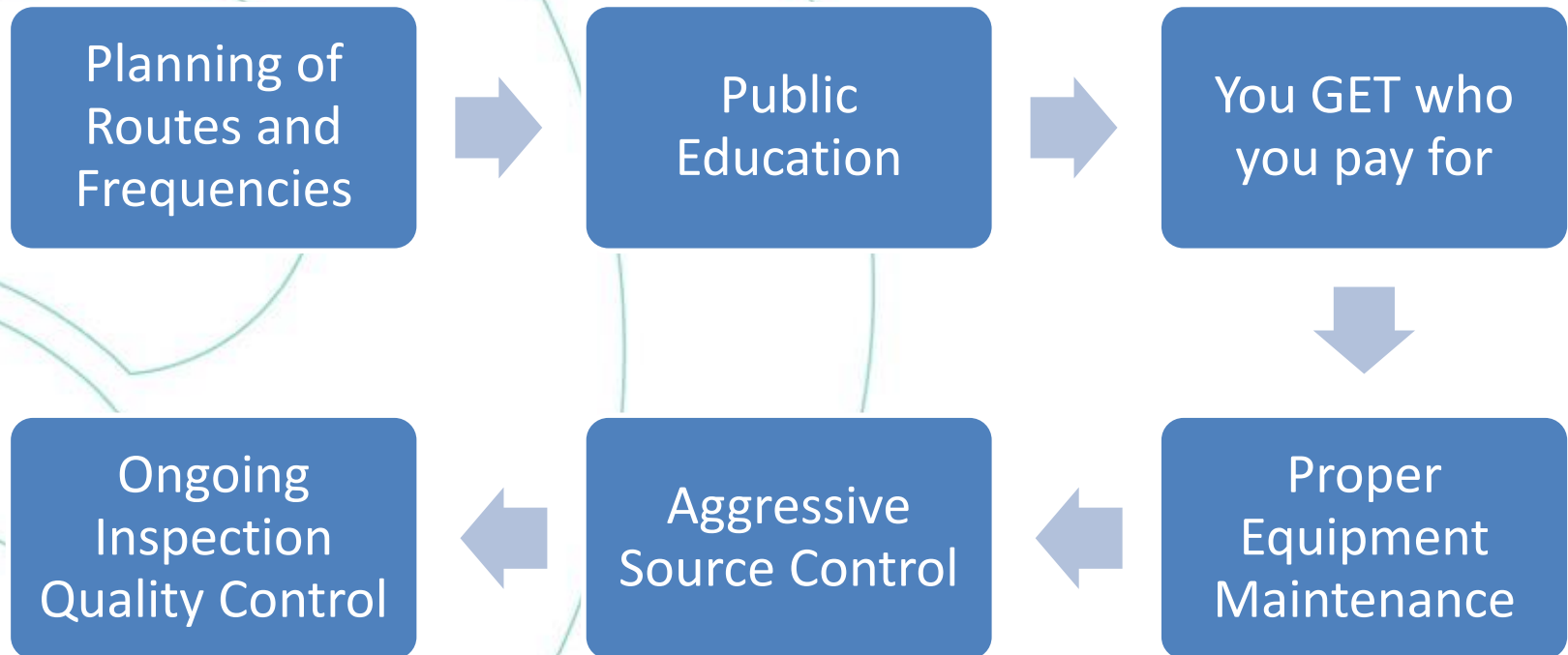
Considerations

Proactively consider factors that can positively impact STREET SWEEPING cost:

- **Public education on littering**
- **Ensure developments have proper BMP's that minimize soil/sediment contributions to roadways**
- **Promote effective “natural” roadside vegetative stabilization**
- **Consider shade trees that shed less foliage annually**

Proactive Approach to Effective Street Sweeping Program

It is critical to recognize that an efficient and cost-effective sweeping program involves more than just machinery



Summary

- **Data and Calculations demonstrate that primary removal of solids via Sweeping BEFORE they enter an MS4 can actually be a “cost-saving” measure.**
- **Program effectiveness depends on many variables and proper planning and public education are critical.**
- **Sweeping has MANY ancillary benefits for the community and environment that cannot really be labeled with a dollar value.**
- **DON'T PUT THE THING ON THE ROAD IF IT CAN'T BE PROPERLY MAINTAINED!!**



Discussion